**Elite Press:**

The elite media is newspapers, radio stations, TV channels, and other media that influence the political agenda of other mass media. According to Anwar Haneefa, "[t]he elite media set a framework within which others operate."

The New York Times is used as an example of elite media by both Chomsky, a left-wing intellectual, and Bill O'Reilly, a right-wing commentator. The newspaper is in a structural position within the mass media, rather than a particular political agenda.

* **The New York Times:**

The New York Times (sometimes abbreviated to NYT) is an American daily newspaper, founded and continuously published in New York City since September 18, 1851, by The New York Times Company. The New York Times has won 117 Pulitzer Prizes, more than any other news organization.

The paper's motto, "All the News That's Fit to Print", appears in the upper left-hand corner of the front page. The newspaper is organized in three sections, including the magazine.

1. News: Includes International, National, [Washington](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Washington%2C_D.C.), Business, Technology, Science, Health, Sports, The[Metro](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/New_York_metropolitan_area) Section, Education, Weather, and Obituaries.
2. Opinion: Includes [Editorials](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Editorial), [Op-Eds](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Op-Ed) and [Letters to the Editor](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Letter_to_the_editor).
3. Features: Includes Arts, Movies, Theater, Travel, NYC Guide, Food, Home & Garden, Fashion & Style,[Crossword](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/The_New_York_Times_crossword_puzzle%22%20%5Co%20%22The%20New%20York%20Times%20crossword%20puzzle), *The New York Times Book Review*, [*T: The New York Times Style Magazine*](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/T%3A_The_New_York_Times_Style_Magazine), *The New York Times Magazine*, and Sunday Review.

The New York Times has established links regionally with 16 bureaus in the New York region, nationally, with 11 bureaus within the US, and globally, with 26 foreign news bureaus

* **The Washington Post:**

The Washington Post is an American daily newspaper. It is the most widely circulated newspaper published in Washington, D.C., and was founded on December 6, 1877,[7] making it the area's oldest extant newspaper. The newspaper is published as a broadsheet, with photographs printed both in color and in black and white.

The newspaper's weekday and Saturday printings include the following sections:

1. Main section, containing the front page, national and international news, business, politics, and editorials and opinions
2. Metro section, containing local news
3. Style section, with feature writing on pop culture, politics, fine and performing arts, film, fashion, and gossip, along with advice columns and comics
4. Sports section

The newspaper is one of a few U.S. newspapers with foreign bureaus, located in Beirut, Berlin, Beijing, Bogota, Cairo, Hong Kong, Islamabad, Jerusalem, Kabul, London, Mexico City, Moscow, Nairobi, New Delhi, Paris, and Tokyo.

* **The London Times:**

The Times is a British daily national newspaper based in London. It began in 1785 under the title The Daily Universal Register and became The Times on 1 January 1788. The Times and its sister paper The Sunday Times (founded in 1821) are published by Times Newspapers. The Times is the first newspaper to have borne that name, lending it to numerous other papers around the world, including The Times of India (founded in 1838), The New York Times (1851) and others.

**The Guardian:**

The Guardian is part of the Guardian Media Group (GMG) of newspapers, radio stations and print media including; The Observer Sunday newspaper, The Guardian Weekly international newspaper, and new media—Guardian Abroad website, and guardian.co.uk. All the aforementioned were owned by The Scott Trust, a charitable foundation existing between 1936 and 2008, which aimed to ensure the paper's editorial independence in perpetuity, maintaining its financial health to ensure it did not become vulnerable to take overs by for-profit media groups. The Guardian had a reputation as "an organ of the middle class"

**Pakistan Times** is an independent online daily [newspaper](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Newspaper). It is published from [Peshawar](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Peshawar) and [Islamabad](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Islamabad). It is the most trusted source of reliable information and latest news. It also update on world issues and updates on events happening in the region.

**Jang**

The Daily Jang (Urdu: روزنامہ جنگ‎) is an Urdu newspaper based in Pakistan. It is the oldest newspaper of Pakistan in continuous publication since its foundation in 1939. Its current Group Chief Executive & Editor-in-Chief is Mir Shakil-ur-Rahman. The Daily Jang is published by the Jang Group of Newspapers. The group's flagship Jang is Pakistan's national Urdu daily. It is published from Karachi, Lahore, Rawalpindi, Quetta, Multan, Sheikhupura, Bahawalpur, Gujrat, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sargodha, Sukkur, Faisalabad, Dera Ghazi Khan and Birmingham. The Daily Jang has a circulation of over 800,000 copies per day.

**Nawa-i-Waqt** (Urdu: روزنامہ نوائے وقت‎) is an Urdu daily newspaper in Pakistan. It was launched on March 23, 1940, under the leadership of Hameed Nizami. His younger brother Majid Nizami is the current owner-editor. It is one of the most influential newspapers in the country. It has a special position in Pakistan's media, as the guardian of Pakistan's ideology, with well-established center-right and nationalist credentials. Currently, it is one of the four top most influential Urdu newspapers in Pakistan. It passionately supported the All India Muslim League. In those days it had a pro-American and anti-communist stance. The editors were Afaq Hussain Johar, a student of Islamia College, and Shabbar Hasan, a student of King Edward Medical University. The Nawa-i-Waqt Group enjoys a leading position as an opinion maker within the independent national media, both in news as well as in views, on account of its forthright and bold approach to objective journalism and the tenets of Islam, the ideology of Pakistan and the two-nation theory.